Countries are adopting approaches that bring increased benefits and clarity to different stakeholders – some setting examples and few learning/adopting from others



Increase credit quality

policy frameworks and guidelines that define the quality requirements (Taiwan, Ghana, Malaysia, Jordan, Mozambique, Kenya)



Target activities

positive lists (India, Ghana, Zambia, Zimbabwe)



Demand side reform

Code of practice on use of credits (Singapore, Chile)



Community benefits

channel funds to communities; establish benefits sharing mechanisms (several African countries)



Harmonization of requirements

MRV harmonization across the region/set of countries (West Africa, ASEAN)



Country considerations for authorization

- Policy/NDC linkage (outside/inside; conditional/unconditional): Rwanda, Jordan, Ghana, Vanuatu
- Strategic priorities (Positive/whitelists): Ghana, India, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Cost of mitigation (Price of credits): Almost all
- Developmental benefits: Rwanda, Mozambique, Kenya and few others in Africa
- Pressure from top (PM office; Minister level): Jordan, Rwanda