



#### Introduction

- Background on Washington's program and design
- How Washington's program is run and administered
- Key areas / issues relevant to program administration

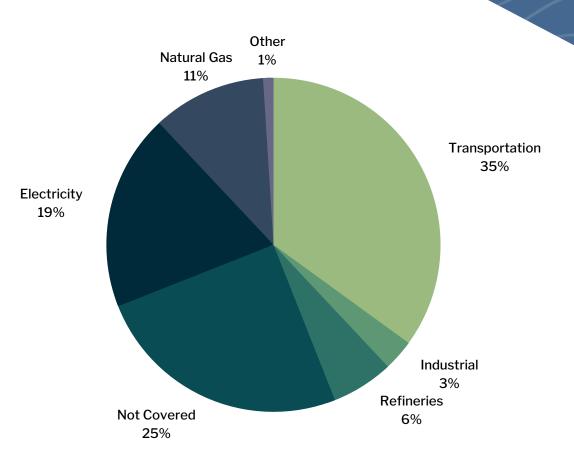
#### 'Covered' Emissions in Washington

#### **Covered Emissions - 75%**

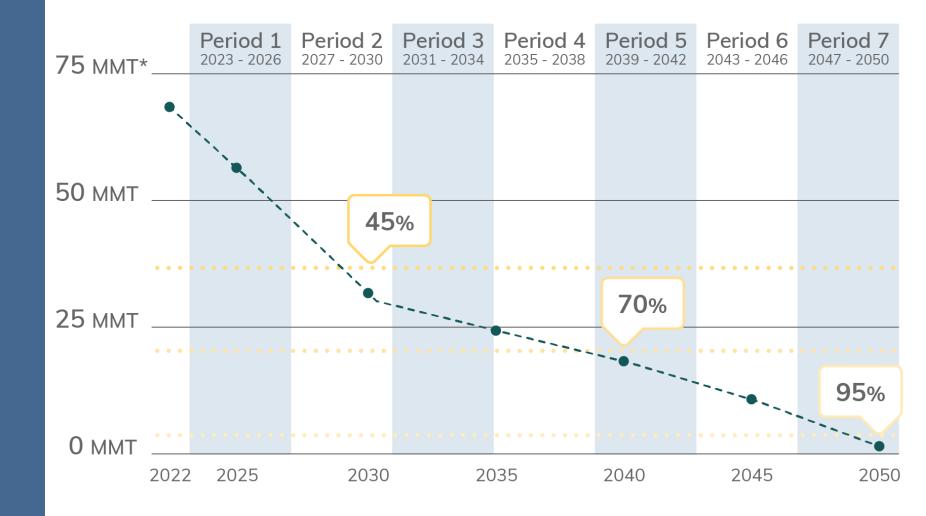
- Emissions from:
  - Facilities that emit more than 25,000 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e
  - Gasoline and on-road diesel
  - Electricity consumed in WA state
  - Natural gas
  - 2027 Waste-to-energy facilities
  - 2031 Railroads

#### **Not Covered - 25%**

- Emissions from:
  - Facilities that emit less than 25,000 metric tons CO₂e
  - Agricultural operations
  - Aviation fuels and most marine fuels



# Emissions Cap Reductions



\*MMT = million metric tons of  $CO_2$  equivalent

## Linkage

- Washington's program designed and built to be 'linkage-ready'
  - California and Québec 'template'
- Linked markets are more stable, durable
  - Simplifies compliance for large businesses
  - Reduces compliance costs and consumer impacts
  - Increases probability of achieving GHG reductions
- Building program with an eye to linking aids global climate efforts
- Must be considered in every aspect of implementation

### How Program Run

- Centralized in one agency
  - Department of Ecology
- Multiple functions in one unit within Ecology
  - Emissions reporting and verification
  - Auctions
  - Compliance
  - Outreach and education
  - Policy, rulemaking
- However, no role in how revenue spent



## **Emissions Reporting & Verification**

- Foundation for whole program
- Alignment with other jurisdictions (not necessarily identical) helpful for linkage
- Differing reporting requirements and timelines for different sectors:
  - Electric power, fuels, industry (manufacturing, refineries, etc.)
- IT platform, database management needed
- Third-party verification program

#### **Auctions**

- WCI, Inc. platform; compliance instrument tracking system
  - Same system as California and Québec
- Participant on-boarding forms and process adapted from CA
- Market security
  - Secure terminals, facilities
  - Federal background checks, confidentiality agreements
  - Market monitoring, internal and external
- As considering administration of your programs, consider who hosts platform, owns data, support, security, functionality, compatibility with potential linked jurisdictions

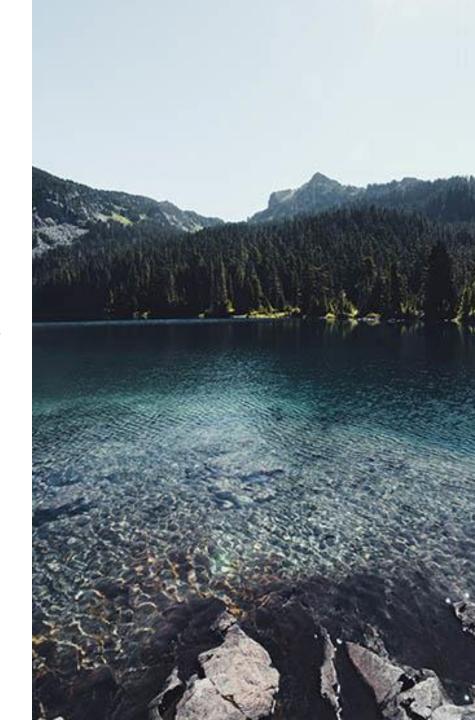
#### **Compliance & Enforcement**

- Program compliance (allowances, offset credits), compliance with market rules, and emissions reporting compliance (accuracy, timeliness)
  - Parallel but equally critical
- Compliance expectations and penalty structure should be clear
- Commitment to compliance: establishing a 'compliance culture'



# **Covered Entity & Public Education Outreach**

- Critical to train and educate covered businesses early
  - Facilitates program onboarding, participation, compliance
- Awareness and buy-in helps protect program
  - Public and political support
  - Should begin 12+ months before program launch
- Publicize results, including investment of revenue



## Questions?

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